

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Красноярский государственный медицинский университет имени профессора В. Ф. Войно-Ясенецкого» Министерства здравоохранения Российской Федерации

Кафедра латинского и иностранных языков

О. А. Гаврилюк, Т. П. Лебедева, А. Г. Зотин

### ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК

Рабочая тетрадь для студента 1 курса, обучающегося по специальности 30.05.01 Лечебное дело

УДК 811.111(076.5) ББК 81.2Англ Г12

Авторы: канд. пед. наук. О. А. Гаврилюк; Т. П. Лебедева; А. Г. Зотин

### Гаврилюк, Оксана Александровна.

Г12 Иностранный язык: рабочая тетрадь для студента 1 курса, обучающегося по специальности 31.05.01 Лечебное дело / О. А. Гаврилюк, Т. П. Лебедева, А. Г. Зотин. – Красноярск : тип. КрасГМУ, 2021.-34 с.

Рабочая тетрадь разработана рамках рабочей программы дисциплины «Иностранный язык» и предназначена для внеаудиторной самостоятельной работы студентов, изучающих английский язык, обучающихся по специальности 31.05.01 Лечебное дело для подготовки к практическим занятиям и контроля усвоения учебного материала.

Утверждено к печати ЦКМС КрасГМУ (протокол № 7 от 25.03.2021 г.)

УДК 811.111(076.5) ББК 81.2Англ

© ФГБОУ ВО КрасГМУ им. проф. В.Ф. Войно-Ясенецкого Минздрава России, 2021 © Гаврилюк О. А., Лебедева Т. П., Зотин А. Г., 2021

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Красноярский государственный медицинский университет имени профессора В.Ф. Войно-Ясенецкого» Министерства здравоохранения Российской Федерации

Кафедра латинского и иностранных языков

О. А. Гаврилюк, Т. П. Лебедева, А. Г. Зотин

### иностранный язык

Рабочая тетрадь для студента 1 курса, обучающегося по специальности 30.05.01 Лечебное дело

	Ф. И. О.		
	группа		

### Оглавление

Введение	5
Тема «Medical Education in Russia»	6
Тема «Medical Education in Great Britain»	10
Тема «Medical Education in the USA»	17
Тема «Health service in Russia»	23
Тема «Health service in Great Britain»	27
Тема «Health service in the USA»	31

#### Введение

Важным элементом учебного процесса в высшем учебном заведении является аудиторная и внеаудиторная самостоятельная работа студента. Рабочая тетрадь является эффективным инструментом для развития навыков самостоятельной учебной деятельности и формирования языковых и общекультурных компетенций студентов.

Данная рабочая тетрадь подготовлена в соответствии с требованиями ФГОС ВО и составлена в соответствии с содержанием рабочей программы дисциплины «Иностранный язык».

По каждому разделу программы дисциплины в рабочей тетради разработаны разнообразные типы заданий (вопросы, задачи, тесты, упражнения). Выполнение студентами заданий рабочей тетради способствует активизации их самостоятельной работы, развитию языковых и речевых навыков и умений, в том числе умений отвечать на специальные вопросы, формулировать свои собственные вопросы, общаться на иностранном языке (устно и письменно) по темам программы.

Использование рабочей тетради развивает навыки самостоятельной работы студентов и способствует осознанному и прочному усвоению ими учебной информации по темам программы.

Рабочая тетрадь может быть использована студентами как в рамках аудиторной работы (на практических занятиях), так и во внеаудиторной работе (при выполнении домашних заданий по дисциплине «Иностранный язык»).

## «Medical Education in Russia».

Ответьте	вопросы:
----------	----------

1. When are entrance examinations to a medical school taken?	
2. What is the amount of tuition fee in Russia?	
3. What examinations do medical students pass?	
4. What degrees are given to medical students after the final examinations?	
5. Is it obligatory to obtain the degree of Doctor of Medicine for all gradua medical school?	ates of a
6. When can a young doctor work as a medical practitioner?	
Задание 2 Определите, какие из приведенных ниже предложений верны,	и какие
неверны. Исправьте неправильные утверждения:	
1. Entry to a medical school in Russia is a simple matter.	

2. In some medical schools behavioral sciences are taught to students as part of health education.
3. The examinations in medical schools in Russia are only oral.
4. Different grants are available to aid those students who do not have sufficient funds to finance their medical education.
Задание 3 Выберите правильный вариант:
1) ALL THE APPLICANTS TAKE EXAMINATIONS
1) entrance
2) final
3) term
4) clinical
2) KRASSMU IN 1942
1) founded
2) was founed
3) is founded
4) has been founded
3) ACADEMIC YEAR BEGINS ON SEPTEMBER 1 <sup>ST</sup> AND INTO TWO TERMS

1) was divided

2) is divided
3) was founded
4) is founded
4) THE REGIONAL OFFICE FOR EUROPE IS SITUATED IN
COPENHAGEN
1) Medical Faculty
2) Department
3) WHO
4) Medical institution
5) INTERNS AND RESIDENTS WORK UNDER THE DIRECT OF
EXPERIENCED SPECIALISTS
1) instruction
2) specialization
3) communication
4) supervision
6. THE ACADEMY HAS SEVERAL DEPARTMENTS IN THEORETICAL AND
SUBJECTS
1) medical
2) linguistic
3) clinical
4) physical
7. THERE IS ALSO (ПОДГОТОВИТЕЛЬНОЕ ОТДЕЛЕНИЕ) AT THE ACADEMY
1) the nursing faculty
2) pharmaceutical faculty
3) sanitation faculty
4) preparatory faculty

8. (УЧЕБНЫЙ ПЛАН) CONTAINS ALL THE BASIC AND PRACTICAL SUBJECT
NECESSARY FOR THE TRAINING DOCTORS
1) course
2) knowledge
3) opportunity
4) curriculum
9. AT THE END OF EACH (CEMECTPA) STUDENTS TAKE EXAMINATIONS.
1) time
2) year
3) work
4) term
10. LOMONOSOV M.V. WAS THE OF THE MOSCOW UNIVERSITY
1) founder
2) speaker
3) finder
4) builder
Задание 4
Напишите эссе «Я студент 1 курса»:

## «Medical Education in Great Britain».

### Задание 1

# Ответьте на вопросы:

1. When are entrance examinations to a medical school taken?	
2. What is the amount of tuition fee in Great Britain?	
3. What examinations do medical students pass?	
4. What degrees are given to medical students after the final examinations	?
5. Is it obligatory to obtain the degree of Doctor of Medicine for all gramedical school?	nduates of a
6. When can a young doctor work as a medical practitioner?	
7. How long does internship last?	
8. What is the aim of internship?	

Определите,	какие	из	приведенных	ниже	предложений
соответствуют дей	йствител	ьност	и, а какие нет.	Исправьт	е неправильные
утверждения:					
1. Entry to a medical s	chool in G	reat Br	itain is a simple n	natter.	
2. In some medical sch	ools behav	vioral s	ciences are taugh	t to students	as part of health
education.					1
3. The examinations in	madical s	chools	in Great Britain a	re only ore	
5. The examinations in	s		in Oreat Britain a		
4. Different grants are	e available	e to aid	d those students	who do no	t have sufficient
funds to finance their i	nedical ed	ucation	l.		
			Задание 3		
Напишите, ск	солько леі	п учин	пся студент	медик в А	нглии. Сколько
учебных недель в			_		
медицинское образ				Р Использ	вуйте в своем
рассказе следующие	словосоч	гтани)	<b>я:</b>		
The curriculum, occu	pies five y	ears, p	re-clinical studies	, clinical w	ork, tuition fees,
	financial a	ssistan	ce, grants are ava	ilable.	

	Задание 4		
	Напишите эссе о работе тьюторов со студентами-ма	едиками	в
Вел	ликобритании:		
	Задание 5		
	Переведите предложения на английский язык:		
1.	Каждый врач знает строение тела человека.		
2.	Все студенты-медики проводят много времени в больнице.		
3.	Невозможно изучить функции организма только по книгам.		
٠.	повозможно изучить функции организма только по книгам.		

4.	4. Трудно научить лечить людей.					
5.	Каждый день у них лекции и практические занятия.					
6.	Студенты изучают физиологию и гистологию.					
	Задание 6					
	Образуйте слова, используя указанные суффиксы и п	<i>іриставки</i>				
Пер	реведите исходные слова и слова с суффиксами и прист	авками на				
pyc	еский язык:					
- io	on (-tion) – to reproduce, to distribute, to preserve					
- it	sy – to diverse, peculiar, simple					
- m	nent – to entertain, to establish					
- al	ble(-ible) to divide, to vary, to inherit, to reproduce					
-al	(-ical) structure, bacteria, type					
- fu	ul – purpose, use, help					
- 1y	y- entire, simple, collective					

\_\_\_\_\_

### Задание 7

Закончите предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова в скобках. Переведите предложения на русский язык:

1)	Professor Smith gave us a of lectures on pathology last month. (c	cause,
cours	se)	
2)	To find the of his disease was not difficult. (cause, course)	
2)	Dra madical tales three or four years and complete madical ye	yyally talcas
3) moi	Pre medical takes three or four years and complete medical us re than ten years. (education, training)	suarry takes
4) prac	Working at a hospital and caring for patients as intern gets the necestical (experiment, experience)	ssary
5) (ex <sub>]</sub>	The students made a lot of in their laboratory classes in chemistry periment, experience)	y.
6) (ph	Newton was the famous English who discovered the law of gravy ysician, physicist)	itation.

7)	After graduating from a medical school, he began to practice as a at	his
nati	ive town. (physician, physicist)	

Закончите предложения, выбрав правильный вариант ответа:

- 1. ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS ARE ...
- 1) both oral and written
- 2) oral
- 3) written
- 4) test
- 2. STUDENTS TAKE EXAMINATIONS AT THE END OF THEIR 6-YEAR SECONDARY- SCHOOL COURSE, GENERALLY AT THE AGE OF ...
- 1) 16 years
- 2) 17 years
- 3) 20 years
- 4) 18-19 years
- 3. THE SUBJECTS OF CHEMISTRY, PHYSICS AND BIOLOGY OR MATHEMATICS SHOULD BE TAKEN AT...
- 1) school level
- 2) advanced level.
- 3) low level
- 4) high school level
- 4. MOST STUDENTS RECEIVE ... IN THE FORM OF GRANTS, WHICH COVER THEIR EXPENSES wholly or in part
- 1) financial assistance

- 2) money
- 3) scholarship
- 4) loan
- 5. THE ACADEMIC YEAR IS DIVIDED INTO..., EACH OF 10-11 WEEKS' DURATION
- 1) 4 terms
- 2) 1 term
- 3) 2 terms
- 4) 3 terms
- 6. BEGINNING WITH THE THIRD YEAR THE STUDENTS STUDY THE METHODS OF ...
- 1) clinical examinations
- 2) anatomy
- 3) biology
- 4) physiology

## «Medical Education in the USA».

### Задание 1

### Ответьте на вопросы:

1. When does a student apply for admission to medical school?
2. What is the most important factor in the selection of students?
3. What is the aim of personal interview with applicants to medical school?
4. What degree do students receive at the end of four years of study?
5. Where can the graduates work after their residency?
Задание 2
Прочитайте и скажите, какие предложения соответствуют действительности, а какие нет. Исправьте их:
1. At the age of 18, American children finish their secondary school.
2. Students study at least 2 years in a college before they apply to a medical school.

3. The competition to a n	nedical school is not very high.	-
4. The first - and secon gaining practical medi	nd-year students work in clinics and out-patient ical experience.	departments
5. During their period o specialist.	f residency a young doctor works under the sup	ervision of a
6. The cost of medical ed	lucation in the USA is free of charge.	-
Закончите ппед	Задание З пожения, поставив глагол в правильную фор	1 <i>M</i> V:
-	ving the reports all morning, but I still	•
2. I remember meeting y	our brother last summer, but I	him this
year. (see)		
3. He	there for several years, so he can show	me around
(live)		
4. I'm sorry I'm late	youfor a long time?	
(wait)		
5. You	a break since we started to work. (have)	
6. We t	the stupid film since lunchtime. Let's switch or	ver the other
7. She Spani	ish for several years. (study)	

# Закончите предложения, используя образец:

1. Jill is in hospital now. She <b>has been</b> in I	hospital since Monday.					
2. I know Sarah. I <b>have known</b> her for 5 y	rears.					
3. Linda and Frank are married. They married since 1989.						
3. Brain is ill. Heill for the last few da	ys.					
4. I am learning English. I English for	six months.					
5. Alan has a headache. He a headache	since he got up this morning.					
	адание 5					
•	ьзуя слова в скобках, употребив с ними					
правильный вариант for or ago:	(thus a days)					
1. Jill has been in Ireland.	(three days).					
2. Jill has been in Ireland  2. Linds and Frank have been married						
3. Linda and Frank have been married						
4. Linda and Frank got married						
5. Dan arrived						
6. We had lunch						
7. Have you known Lisa						
8. I bought these shoes (a few days)						

## Напишите предложения о себе, начиная, словами в скобках:

1.	(I've lived)
2.	(I've been)
3.	(I've been learning)
	(I've known)
	Задание 7
	Поставьте следующие предложения в вопросительную форму.
1.	Somebody has broken the window.
2.	The cat has caught a mouse.
3.	Somebody has left on the electric light all night.
	Most people have heard this story.
4.	Wost people have heard this story.
<u></u>	The pupils have been writing the essay for two hours.
6.	The doctors have just arrived.
7.	We have been waiting for you since morning.

	Задание 8	
	Образуйте утвердительные предложения, из данна	ых ниже
omp	рицательных:	
1.	The psychologist has not prolonged the treatment because the client	feels well.
 2.	The doctor has not yet discharged the patient from the clinic.	
3.	The patient hasn't been sleeping since morning.	
 4.	I am not reading your book now.	
5. ]	Physiologists have not described the results of the experiment.	
	Задание 10	
	Образуйте отрицательные и вопросительные предлог	жения, из
дані	ных ниже утвердительных:	

2. The patient has been making a slow recovery for a month.

### Соотнесите слова (1-6) с определениями (А-F):

7	, ,
	11001000
	license

- 2. \_\_\_\_ residency
- 3. \_\_\_\_ prerequisite
- 4. \_\_\_\_ medical school
- **5.** \_\_\_\_ foundation program
- **6.** \_\_\_\_ entrance examination

A period of advanced training at a hospital

**B** a document showing someone is qualified for something

C an institution for teaching medicine

**D** a test that must be passed before admittance to an educational institution

**E** something that must be completed before something else

 ${f F}$  post-graduate schooling for specialized training

### «Health Service in Russia».

### Задание 1

### Ответьте на вопросы:

1. What is the character of health service in our country?				
2. What is the most distinctive feature of?				
3. What are the main tasks?				
4. What do we pay much attention to?				
5. What is the basic medical unit in our country?				
6. What do Polyclinics have?				
7. How many hours a day does a district doctor work?				
8. The emergency service is rather specific, isn't it?				
9. What are the main tasks of the Mother-and-Child Health Care Centre?				

10.	What is medical research concerned with?
	Задание 2 Прочтите следующие утверждения и выразите свое согласие или
	огласие. Начните свои ответы со слов I believe you are right saying that ; In my opinion you are wrong, :
1.	Prevention of diseases is the main principle of health service in our country.
2. fina	There are private clinics in Russia and some medical institutions are not need by the state.
3.	All large industrial enterprises do not provide medical care for the workers.
4. with	Dispanserisation is restricted only to TB patients and does not include patients a hypertension, coronary heart diseases and alimentary diseases.
	Задание 3
	Выберите правильный вариант:
1) (	OUTPATIENT ARE BECOMING MORE AND MORE WIDESPREAD

- 1) services
- 2) help

3) buildings
4) wards
2) VISITING A HOSPITAL AS AN OUTPATIENT IS THAN BEING CONFINED
AS A PATIENT
1) cheap
2) cheaper
3) more cheap
4) the cheapest
3) CHILDREN ARE AMONG THE USERS OF EXTENDED CARE FACILITIES
1) goodest
2) badest
3) worst
4) greatest
4) TO BE ABLE TO USE A SELF-CARE CENTER, A PATIENT SHOULD BE
1) inpatient
2) ambulatory
3) healthy
4) emergent
5) MOST OLDER PEOPLE DO NOT USE OUTPATIENT SERVICES BECAUSE
THEY CANNOT AFFORD FOR THEM
1) to buy
2) to sell
3) to care
4) to pay

Hanuw	ите эссе «	You are th	he head of	a regiona	ıl hospital.	How can y
mprove the q	uality of pro	vided medi	ical services	s? »:		

## «Health Service in Great Britain».

Ответьте	на	вопросы:
----------	----	----------

1. When was the NHS Act brought into operation?	
2. Are there private patients in Great Britain?	
3. Why do many people who have enough money prefer to be private patier	ıts?
4. What is the role of the family doctor in the NHS system?	
5. What is the role of health centers in the health service system in Great Br	ritain?
6. Are there any consultant services in health centers?	
Задание 2 Напишите, что подразумевает девиз «Здоровье для	я всех»:
перечислите, что необходимо для оздоровления человечества? 1 свою точку зрения:	

·
Задание 3
Выберите правильный вариант:
1. If I'm /I'll be late this evening, don't wait for me.
2. Will you write to me if I give/I'll give you my address?
3. If there <b>is/will be</b> a fire, the alarm will ring.
4. If I don't see you tomorrow morning, I <b>phone/I'll phone</b> you in the evening.
5. I'm / I'll be surprised if Martin and Julia get/will get married.
6. <b>Do you go/Will you go</b> to the party if they <b>invite /they'll</b> invite you?
Задание 4
Переведите словосочетания на английский язык:
Главная цель; незначительные недомогания; хронические больные;
специализированное лечение; лечебная гимнастика; предоставлять лечение;
посещать больного на дому; получить услуги и лечение; посещать больного на
дому; получить услуги и консультации.

Задание 5
Вставьте глаголы в правильной форме, Past Simple or would:
1. If I (be) rich, I (travel) around the world.
2. I don't like Hollywood. I(not live) there if I(be) a film star.
3. I (go) to work if I (not feel) so ill, but I feel awful.
4. Whatyou do if your baby, (fall) into water.
5. If I (have) more free time, I (not waste) it. I
(learn) another language.
Задание 6
Закончите предложения:
a) If I won \$10,000,
b) If I spoke perfect English
c) If I were on holiday
Задание 7
Вставьте глагол в правильной форме:
1. Ifthis evening, don't wait for me. (be)
2. Will you write to me if you my address? (give)
3. If there a fire, the alarm will ring. (be)
4. If I don't see you tomorrow morning, I you in the evening. (phone)
5.I surprised if Martin and Julia get married. (be)

### Объясните, как вы понимаете, эти высказывания:

1. Prevention is better than cure.	
2. One man's meat is another man's poison.	_
3. Health is not valued till sickness comes.	_
	_
Задание 9	
Дайте определения словам и словосочетаниям: Undergraduate education, responsible, provide, GP, medical schosupervise, tutor, examination	ool, courses,
	- - -
	_
	- - -

# «Health care system in the USA».

### Задание 1

### Ответьте на вопросы:

1) What are the types of insurance Americans can have?	
2) What can happen if you have no insurance?	
3) How is health insurance actually arranged?	
4) How long does an American woman usually stay in the hospital whe baby?	n she has a
5) How are doctors paid?	
6) Is the dental care different from regular health care?	
7) How are emergency situations dealt with in the USA?	
8) How is pediatrics different from other medical practices?	

# Заполните пропуски, выбрав вариант ответа:

1. MOST PHYSICIANS HAVEPRACTICES
1) private
2) single
3) scientific
4) common
2. THE HOSPITAL HEALTH CARE FOR THE SICK PEOPLE
1) provide
2) pay
3) prefer
4) prevent
3. MOST EMPLOYERS AND THEIR FAMILIES NOW PAY MORE THAN 50
PER CENT OF THE COSTS OF HEALTH
1) insurance
2) activities
3) system
4) program
4. THE PATIENTS RECEIVE IMMEDIATE ATTENTION
1) special
2) general
3) local
4) emergency
5. MEDICARE IS A INSURANCE PROGRAM
1) scientific
2) genetic

- 3) intensive
- 4) health

Исправьте ошибки в следующих предложениях:	
1. If I would have a car, I would give you a lift.	
2. They will call the new baby Victoria, but they aren't sure yet.	-
3. My sister would visit us more often if she wouldn't live so far away.	-
4. I'm playing tennis tomorrow, but I'm not sure.	
5. If I'm younger, I'll learn to play the piano, but I'm too old now.	-
6. If you went yesterday to the theatre, you would met your cousin.	-
Задание 4	-
Заполните пропуски в предложении, используя слова,	данные в
скобках:	
1. If I had more money, would you marry (you/marry) me?	
2. He wouldn't help you if (he/not/like) you.	

3 (you/find) the machine is quite simple to operate if you look at the
manual.
4 (your parents/not/be) proud if they could see you now?
5. If (I/not/revise) thoroughly, I may fail my test.
6. If you wanted to buy someone a really good present, what sort of thing
(you/look for)?
7. You'd have a lot more friends if (you/not/be) so mean.
8. How (you/feel) if you were in my position?
Задание 5
Соотнесите название специальности с определением:
1. They assist patients who have difficulties speaking.
2. They are responsible for prepare and dispense medicine
3. These doctors' specialty is children.
4. Senior medical people who give expert advice and are responsible for final
decision making.
5. They give massage and exercise to restore specific bodily functions.
6. They operate on patients to repair skin damage or improve a patient's appearance.
7. They operate equipment in the X-ray department.
a consultants
b pharmacists
c paediatricians
d physiotherapists
e plastic surgeons
I radiographers
<u> </u>

660022, г.Красноярск, ул.П.Железняка, 1